

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS  
in collaboration with  
ASSOCIATION OF CAMBRIDGE SCHOOLS IN NEW ZEALAND  
Advanced Subsidiary Level

**LATIN (School-based Assessment)**

**8282/02**

Paper 2 Literature

October/November 2011

**2 hours**

Mark Total 100 marks

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.  
Write your Centre number, index number and name on all the work you hand in.  
Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper.  
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions from **both** sections of this examination paper.  
Each section is worth 50 marks.  
You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.  
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

This paper consists of **9** printed pages and **3** blank pages.



UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE  
International Examinations

## SECTION A: Verse Literature

### QUESTION ONE

Virgil, *Aeneid* IV. 15-30

'si mihi non animo fixum immotumque sederet ne cui me vinclo vellem sociare iugali, postquam primus amor deceptam morte fefellit; si non pertaesum thalami taedaeque fuisset, huic uni forsán potui succumbere culpae.	15
Anna (fatebor enim) miseri post fata Sychaei coniugis et sparsos fraterna caede penates solus hic inflexit sensus animumque labantem impulit. agnosco veteris vestigia flammae.	20
sed mihi vel tellus optem prius ima dehiscat vel pater omnipotens adigat me fulmine ad umbras, pallentes umbras Erebo noctemque profundam, ante, pudor, quam te violo aut tua iura resolvo. ille meos, primus qui me sibi iunxit, amores abstulit; ille habeat secum servetque sepulcro.'	25
sic effata sinum lacrimis implevit obortis.	30

Answer ALL of the following questions:

1. Translate lines 24 (**sed mihi**) to 30 (**obortis**). (12 marks)
2. What were the events to which Dido refers in lines 20-21 (**Anna... penates**)? (2 marks)
3. What significance might lines 28-29 (**ille meos... sepulcro**) have had for Virgil's contemporaries? (2 marks)
4. **EITHER:**  
  
State **FOUR** of Anna's arguments in response to this speech. (4 marks)  
  
**OR:**  
  
Identify and explain fully the grammar of: (4 marks)  
  
**mihi** (15)  
**sederet** (15)  
**vellem** (16)  
**thalami** (18)
5. Identify **FIVE** rhetorical and/or poetic effects in Dido's speech (lines 15-29). (5 marks)

[Total: 25 marks]

[Turn over



Answer ALL of the following questions:

1. Translate lines 659 (**dixit**) to 666 (**per urbem**). (13 marks)
2. What earlier events in *Aeneid* IV are recalled by **bacchatur** (666) and **ululatu** (667)? (2 marks)
3. Why does Virgil mention **Tyros** here (670)? (1 mark)
4. **EITHER:**  
What event of earlier poetry is recalled in the simile in lines 669-671 (**non aliter... deorum**)? Identify at least one effect of the simile. (4 marks)  
**OR:**  
Identify and explain fully the grammar of: (4 marks)  
**impressa** (659)  
**hauriat** (661)  
**ruat** (669)  
**hostibus** (669)
5. Scan line 667 (**lamentis... ululatu**), clearly marking the six feet of the hexameter and the principal metrical caesura. Identify **ONE** metrical or rhythmical feature of the line, and describe the effect this feature produces. (5 marks)

[Total: 25 marks]

[Turn over

## SECTION B: Prose Literature

### QUESTION ONE

Livy, *Ab urbe condita*, I. 56

10 Quo postquam ventum est, perfectis patris mandatis cupido incessit animos iuvenum sciscitandi ad quem eorum regnum Romanum esset venturum. Ex infimo specu vocem redditam ferunt: 'Imperium summum Romae habebit qui vestrum primus, o iuvenes, osculum matri tulerit.' 5

11 Tarquinius ut Sextus, qui Romae relictus fuerat, ignarus responsi expersque imperii esset, rem summa ope taceri iubent; ipsi inter se uter prior, cum Romam redisset, matri osculum daret, sorti permittunt.

12 Brutus alio ratus spectare Pythicam vocem, velut si prolapsus cecidisset, terram osculo contigit, scilicet quod ea communis mater omnium mortalium esset. 10

13 Reditum inde Romam, ubi adversus Rutulos bellum summa vi parabatur.

Answer ALL of the following questions:

1. Translate lines 1 (from **Quo**) to 11 (to **contigit**). (13 marks)
2. Who were these ambassadors, and why had they been sent rather than others? (3 marks)
3. **EITHER:**  
Where was the oracle? Describe the buildings and other structures in the place and the activities carried on there that indicate the importance of the place. (4 marks)

**OR:**

Identify and explain fully the grammar of: (4 marks)

**esset venturum** (line 3)  
**redditam** (line 4)  
**tulerit** (line 5)  
**reditum** (line 13)

4. Find one example from the passage of each of the following constructions. You must quote the Latin word or words used in the construction, and specify the line number. (5 marks)

accusative of direction  
partitive genitive  
ablative of instrument  
ablative absolute  
purpose clause

[Total: 25 marks]

[Turn over

## QUESTION TWO

Livy, *Ab urbe condita* I. 59

9 Nec minorem motum animorum Romae tam atrox res facit quam Collatiae fecerat; ergo ex omnibus locis urbis in forum curritur.

10 Quo simul ventum est, praeco ad tribunum Celerum, in quo tum magistratu forte Brutus erat, populum advocavit. Ibi oratio habita nequaquam eius pectoris ingeniique quod simulatum ad eam diem fuerat, de vi ac libidine Sex.

5

Tarquini, de stupro infando Lucretiae et miserabili caede, de orbitate Tricipitini cui morte filiae causa mortis indignior ac miserabilior esset.

10

11 Addita superbia ipsius regis miseriaeque et labores plebis in fossas cloacasque exhauriendas demersae; Romanos homines, victores omnium circa populorum, opifices ac lapidas pro bellatoribus factos.

12 Indigna Ser. Tulli regis memorata caedes et invecta corpori patris nefando vehiculo filia, invocatique ultores parentum di.

15



Answer ALL of the following questions:

1. Translate lines 1 (from **Nec**) to 10 (to **esset**). (12 marks)
2. What were the events mentioned in §12 (lines 15-17)? (4 marks)  
Who were the *ultores parentum di* (lines 16-17)?
3. **EITHER:**  
  
What were the functions of the *tribunus Celerum* (line 4)? (4 marks)  
  
**OR:**  
  
Identify and explain fully the grammar of: (4 marks)

**Quo** (line 4)  
**pectoris** (line 6)  
**cui** (line 9)  
**esset** (line 10)

4. Find one example from the passage of each of the following constructions. You must quote the Latin word or words used in the construction, and specify the line number. (5 marks)

objective genitive  
locative  
ablative of cause  
impersonal passive  
accusative and infinitive

[Total: 25 marks]

*End of Questions*





